TAX STRATEGIST CROSS-BORDER ISSUES SECOND QUARTER CONSIDERATIONS

June 22, 2022



BulmillBulmillBulmillBulm



Introductions

Latest Global Developments



Navigating the Complexities of Section 174 - From an International Perspective



BEPS 2.0 Updates



Closing



Agenda for Today

With You Today







MONIKA LOVING Managing Partner International Tax Services National Practice Leader

CONNIE CUNNINGHAM

Partner, Accounting Methods Technical Practice Leader LAURIE DICKER Transfer Pricing Technical Tax Leader

mloving@bdo.com

cccunningham@bdo.com

ldicker@bdo.com



With You Today





MICHAEL MASCIANGELO

Practice Leader National Tax Office International Tax Services MATT WILLIAMS Principal, Specialized Tax Services, International Tax Services, & EMEA Tax Desk Lead

mmasciangelo@bdo.com

mtwilliams@bdo.com



Introduction & Latest Global Developments









Navigating the Complexities of Section 174 -From an International Perspective





Overview of Rule Changes to Section 174

	Pre-2022	2022 and After
R&E Expenditures	 Immediately deduct under section 174(a) Capitalize and amortize over at least 60 mo under section 174(b) Capitalize and amortize over 10 years under section 59(e) 	Capitalize and amortize over 5 years or 15 years (if foreign)
Software Development Costs under Rev. Proc. 2000-50	 Expense Capitalize and amortize over at least 60 mo Capitalize and amortize over 36 mo 	Capitalize and amortize over 5 or 15 years (if foreign)



Effective Date of Change & Legislative Update

- As enacted under TCJA, the new rule would apply to R&D costs incurred or paid for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2021
- House version of Build Back Better Act proposed to delay the effective date until taxable years beginning after December 31, 2025
- Recent discussions regarding reconciliation bill still show bipartisan support for repealing/delaying the rule
- Tax extenders bill as a last resort?





Example of Section 174 Amortization Calculation

- Taxpayer incurs \$5 million of R&D expenditures in 2022
- Amortization begins with the midpoint of the taxable year for first year
- Year 1 Amortization = (\$5,000,000 / 5 Years) X (6 months / 12 months) = \$500,000

Prior to TCJA Rule	Under TCJA Rule
\$5,000,000 immediate expense	\$500,000 amortization exp (10% of total costs incurred)

Definition of Sec. 174 Costs

- All costs incidental to the <u>development</u> or <u>improvement</u> of a product
- Activities intended to discover information that would eliminate uncertainty
- Examples of potential section 174 costs include the following:
 - Salaries of research staff
 - Supplies consumed during research activities
 - Rent, utilities and depreciation related to facilities used for research
 - Attorneys' fees related to applying for patents



Overlap with R&D Tax Credit

Section 174 Expenses	R&D Credit-Eligible Expenses
Direct Wages	Direct Wages
Supplies	Supplies
Contract Research	Contract Research
Overhead	
Depreciation	
Patent Fees	
Research Outside of US	



Upcoming Guidance

- IRS/Treasury currently working on both procedural and substantive guidance related to section 174
 - Procedural guidance to be released first
 - Timing unknown
 - Government officials have indicated that the change to switch from deducting to capitalizing section 174 costs will be automatic
- How should taxpayers treat contract research arrangements? Is it possible for both parties in a contract research arrangement to have section 174 costs?





ITS Considerations

- FDII
- ► GILTI
- High-Tax Exclusion
- Sec. 861 Allocations
- BEAT



Cost Sharing/Contract Research Arrangements

Questions arise as to how to characterize certain expenses incurred in cost sharing/contract research arrangements

- Under current guidance, a taxpayer that pays another party to perform research on its behalf treats the amounts paid as section 174 costs
- Rules are silent as to how other party should treat the costs it incurs

Example of Traditional Cost Sharing Arrangement

US Entity Performs R&D for the Benefit of the Global Group





Example of Funded Research Arrangement

- CFC that performs research on behalf of US related party
- Only US benefits from research performed by CFC



US reimburses CFC for research expenses and treats payments as 174 costs

CFC incurs research costs but gets reimbursed. Treatment of CFC's costs unclear.





Basic Elements of Sec. 174 Calculation

- Capture US and Foreign based activities
- Correct amortization periods based on jurisdiction of where research is performed
- Software development costs
- Patent costs

- Overhead allocation
- Book-to-tax adjustments that impact R&D expenses
- Alignment with position taken on R&D credit study



Lingering Questions

- Will section 174 apply to all types of software development costs?
- How much overhead and other indirect costs should be allocated to section 174 activities?
- ► How does the new provision impact section 280C?
- How should taxpayers in contract research arrangements treat their costs?



BEPS 2.0 Update





OECD BEPS 2.0 Latest developments

PILLAR ONE

- Implementation pushed back to 2024
- Expected G20 agreement November 2022
- Model Rules December 2022?

PILLAR TWO

EU update

- Developments in other jurisdictions
- Impact of delay of Pillar One



OECD BEPS 2.0

US Developments

- ► GILTI CFC vs IIR
- R&D Tax Credits

22

Impact on FTC Regs

Closing





Questions?





Join the Next Webinar

BDO Tax Strategist: Cross-Border Issues -Third Quarter Considerations

- September 21, 2022 12pm 1pm ET
- Register at <u>bdo.com/events</u>



